

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICATION FOR PATENT

ON

ADJUSTABLE CLEAT

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"Express Mail" Mailing Label Number: EV 303 409 910 US

Date of Deposit: October 15, 2003

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ADJUSTABLE CLEAT

CROSS REFERENCE

[0001] The present application is a Continuation under 35 U.S.C. §120 of United States Patent Application Number 10/601,328, entitled *Adjustable Cleat*, filed on June 20, 2003, which in-turn claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) to United States Provisional Patent Serial Numbers 60/390,552, entitled: *Adjustable Cleat*, filed on June 21, 2002, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to the field of power tools and particularly to a method and an apparatus for adjustable workpiece positioning.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Accurate, repeatable workpiece positioning is critical to the overall level of craftsmanship for woodworkers. In some instances, an imprecise cut may require additional sanding which is time consuming. For certain tasks, such as cutting a beveled miter joint, an imprecise cut may effect the appearance of the finished product or require the user to re-cut the workpiece. Often woodworkers will conduct test cuts to ensure a correct fit or “work-up” to their final cut. These techniques are time consuming and may diminish user satisfaction. For example, positioning a piece of trim molding at the proper angle with respect to the miter saw fence for cutting may be difficult or time consuming, especially for a novice user. Additionally, another drawback to current positioning mechanisms is the difficulty in set-up and removal after use.

[0004] For example, a woodworker may use a C-clamp to position a piece of trim to a miter saw’s fence. Thus, the user must retrieve the clamp, and subsequently remove the clamp after use. In another example, a positioning device such as a clamp is mounted integral to the power tool. Once again the user must remove the device should they desire to cut a large piece of wood or when additional deck space is required. Current positioning mechanisms for power tools fail to provide ease of use.

[0005] Workpiece positioning systems often are cumbersome. For example, even if the built-in clamp provides enough room for the desired workpiece the clamp often is in the user's way, such as by protruding into the operator area or the like. Positioning mechanisms when removed often take up space or require the user to place the device in a remote portion of the work space so as not to interfere with the desired task. Current integral securing mechanisms are cumbersome when in use or removed and thus does not meet user demands.

[0006] Another problem with integral positioning mechanisms is the inability to retrofit with existing power tools. For example, current positioning mechanisms are typically designed for a specific tool or for a specific manufacturer, thus a retrofit is often not possible.

[0007] Therefore, it would be desirable to provide an unobtrusive workpiece positioning apparatus capable of securing a workpiece while providing ease of use.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0008] Accordingly, the present invention is directed to an apparatus and method for providing workpiece positioning for power tools such as miter saws, drill presses, mortise machines and the like. As will be appreciated the present invention allows for correct workpiece positioning while permitting easy unobtrusive storage.

[0009] The apparatus of the present invention includes an adjustable positioning device, such as a threaded rod. The adjustable positioning device may be mounted in a housing or power tool work deck. The positioning device is disposed in a housing recess, such that the apparatus does not interfere with positioning a workpiece.

[0010] Adjustably connected to the positioning device is a retention member. A retention member provides a cleat or stop for retaining a workpiece in a desired position. The retention member may pivot to achieve an extended orientation, such as beyond an external surface of the housing and a retracted orientation substantially contained within the housing recess.

[0011] A securing member is connected to the retention member. Securing members include, deformable tabs, spring biased devices such as tabs, buttons and the like for securing the retaining member in a desired orientation.

[0012] It is to be understood that both the forgoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the invention as claimed. The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate an embodiment of the invention and together with the general description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] The numerous advantages of the present invention may be better understood by those skilled in the art by reference to the accompanying figures in which:

[0014] FIG. 1 is an isometric view of an apparatus for providing workpiece positioning with a retention member;

[0015] FIG. 2A is a perspective view of an apparatus for providing workpiece positioning, including a retention member orientated in an extended orientation;

[0016] FIG. 2B is a perspective view of an apparatus for providing workpiece positioning, including a retention member orientated in a retracted orientation;

[0017] FIG. 3 is an exploded view of an apparatus for providing workpiece positioning including a threaded rod and a threaded segmented retention member;

[0018] FIG. 4 is a perspective view of an apparatus for providing workpiece positioning for miter sawing;

[0019] FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating a method for providing workpiece positioning;

[0020] FIG. 6A is an perspective view of a retention member in an extended orientation with pivotal securing tabs; and

[0021] FIG. 6B is an exploded view of a retention member with pivotal securing tabs.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0022] Referring to FIG. 1 an apparatus 100 for providing workpiece positioning is shown. The apparatus 100 in the present embodiment includes a housing 102. The housing 102 permits connection to a power tool deck, such as the deck of a miter saw, a drill press deck and the like. The housing 102 includes a recess 114 generally for mounting apparatus components. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the present invention may be incorporated in a power tool deck and the like without departing from the spirit of the present invention. For example, a drill press may include a work deck containing the apparatus of the present invention.

[0023] An attachment device is connected to the housing for securing the apparatus 100 to, for example a miter saw deck. Attachment devices permit connecting the apparatus 100 to a work surface, thus providing additional work area while permitting secure workpiece positioning. In the present embodiment, a pair of slots 112 for receiving a screw, a pin, or the like is shown. In further embodiments, other attachment devices are contemplated, such as to permit retrofitting the present invention to a particular tool.

[0024] An adjustable positioning device is connected to the housing and is disposed generally in the housing recess 114. A threaded rod 104 is utilized as an adjustable positioning device in the present embodiment. In further embodiments, other positioning devices are utilized, such as an advancing bar and friction stop, and the like for providing adjustable positioning. In another example the retention member is fitted with a friction lock so as to allow the retention member to adjust along a bar, a rod and the like for allowing movement along an axis. The threaded rod 104 is mounted to the housing 102, substantially within the housing recess 114 and may be actuated by a user manipulating a knob 110 secured to an end of the rod 104.

[0025] A retaining member 106 is adjustably connected to the threaded rod 104. As may be seen in FIG. 4 the retaining member 406 provides a stop or cleat for retaining a

workpiece, such as a piece of molding 420 in a desired position. Referring now to FIGS. 2A and 2B the retaining member 206 is adjustably connected to the threaded rod 204. The retention member 206 is capable of pivotally obtaining an extended orientation, beyond an exterior surface of housing 202 and a retracted orientation (see FIG. 2B), wherein the retention member 206 is contained substantially within housing recess 214.

[0026] Referring to FIG. 1 a securing mechanism is connected to a retention member 106. A pair of deformable tabs 108 are utilized to secure the retention member 106 in at least one of a extended orientation and a retracted orientation. Deformable tabs 108 are capable of being squeezed inwardly towards the retention member 106 and upon release springing outwardly from the retention member 106. The deformable tabs 108 in the present example are capable of extending outwardly from the retention member 106 to engage an outer surface of a housing 104. The tabs 108 in the present embodiment may be formed of metal plastic, such as nylon and the like. Alternatively, when a user desires to dispose the retention member 106 in a retracted orientation the deformable tabs 108 may be disengaged and pivoted, along with the retention member 106 generally into the housing recess 114. See generally FIG. 2B. As may be best seen in FIG. 3, a retention member 306 includes relief areas to permit the tabs 308 to move inwardly to allow for pivoting the retention member 306 into a housing recess.

[0027] Referring to FIGS. 6A and 6B in a further embodiment a securing mechanism is a pair of pivotal tabs 608. The pivotal tabs are mounted generally in a recess formed in the retention member 606. As desired a user may pivot the tab 608 outwardly to engage the housing or deck. The pivotal tabs 608 may be formed of metal, plastic such as nylon and the like. Further, the retention member 606 may include an aperture extending between the side recesses with a spring therein for extending the pivotal tabs generally outward. Those of skill in the art will appreciate that various biasing means may be employed to bias the pivotal tabs outward. For instance a coiled spring 622 may be utilized to bias the tab 608.

[0028] Referring to FIG. 3, a retention member 306 includes an aperture 316 with segmented threads for engaging threads included on a threaded rod 304, thus the retention member 306 is capable of pivotally attaining an extended orientation and a retracted orientation. In further embodiments, a retention member pivots about a cylindrical pivot containing an aperture there through with threads for engaging corresponding threads on a threaded rod. In the further embodiment, the retention member main body includes a jacket for at least partially surrounding the cylindrical pivot, thus permitting extending and retracting the retention member. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that other systems for providing pivoting capability may be implemented without departing from the spirit of the present invention.

[0029] In further embodiments securing mechanisms include spring biased devices, such as tabs, buttons and the like for securing a retention member in a desired orientation. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that many securing mechanisms may be employed to secure the retention member in a desired orientation, without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

[0030] Referring now to FIG. 5 a method 500 for providing retractable workpiece positioning for power tools is discussed. Initially, a workpiece such as a piece of trim or the like is positioned on the power tool deck 502. The retention member is orientated into an extended orientation 504 so that the retention member provides a cleat or stop for positioning the workpiece. Extending the retention member 504 may include orientating the retention member such that securing mechanism, for example deformable tabs engage an exterior surface of an associated housing or tool deck. The retention member's position is adjusted 506 by directing the adjustable positioning device to the desired position. The desired task is performed 508, such as cutting a trim piece. Optionally, the retention member may be retracted 510 for example by actuating the securing mechanism and pivoting the retention member below the work surface.

[0031] Further, it is understood that the specific order or hierarchy of steps in the methods disclosed are examples of exemplary approaches. Based upon design

preferences, it is understood that the specific order or hierarchy of steps in the method can be rearranged while remaining within the scope of the present invention. The accompanying method claims present elements of the various steps in a sample order, and are not meant to be limited to the specific order or hierarchy presented.

[0032] It is believed that the retractable positioning apparatus of the present invention and many of its attendant advantages will be understood by the forgoing description. It is also believed that it will be apparent that various changes may be made in the form, construction and arrangement of the components thereof without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention or without sacrificing all of its material advantages. The form herein before described being merely an explanatory embodiment thereof. It is the intention of the following claims to encompass and include such changes.